

(1)



On the  $\mathbb{A}^1$ -Euler characteristic of the variety of maximal tori  
 $k$ -field,  $\text{char } k = 0$  (for simplicity)

$X \in \text{Sm}_k \rightsquigarrow \chi^{\mathbb{A}^1}(X) \in \text{GW}(k)$  - Grothendieck-Witt ring of sym. bil forms/ $k$   
= group completion of the additive monoid of  
sym. bil forms (quadratic)

Def  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, 1)$  - symm. monoidal cat.

- $X \in \mathcal{C}$  is strongly dealtable if  $\exists X^\vee \in \mathcal{C}$  and coev:  $1 \rightarrow X \otimes X^\vee$   
ev:  $X^\vee \otimes X \rightarrow 1$

such that:

$$\underbrace{X \simeq 1 \otimes X}_{\text{coev}} \xrightarrow{\text{id}} X \otimes X^\vee \xrightarrow{\text{id ev}} X \otimes 1 \simeq X \text{ is identity map}$$

$$\underbrace{X^\vee \simeq X^\vee \otimes 1}_{\text{id coev}} \xrightarrow{\text{id}} X^\vee \otimes X \otimes X^\vee \xrightarrow{\text{ev id}} 1 \otimes X^\vee \simeq X^\vee \text{ is identity map}$$

- if  $X \in \mathcal{C}$  is strongly dealtable then

$$1 \xrightarrow{\text{coev}} X \otimes X^\vee \xrightarrow{\text{tr}} X^\vee \otimes X \xrightarrow{\text{ev}} 1$$

$=: \chi(X)$  - categorical Euler characteristic of  $X$

Ex:  ~~$\mathcal{C}$~~  ( $\text{Vect}_k, \otimes, k$ )

$\text{End}_{\mathcal{C}}(1)$

coev:  $k \rightarrow V \otimes V^\vee$  - "scalar matrices"

$V$ -strongly dual  $\Leftrightarrow \dim V < \infty$  ev:  $V^\vee \otimes V \rightarrow k$  - trace

$$\rightsquigarrow \chi(V) = \dim V \in \text{End}_k(k) \cong k$$

Rm.  $\mathcal{C}$ -sgm. monoidal & triangulated

$$1) \chi(X \otimes Y) = \chi(X) \cdot \chi(Y)$$

$$2) \chi(Y) = \chi(X) + \chi(Z) \text{ if } X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z \rightarrow X[1] \text{ triangle.}$$

in particular,  $\chi(X[1]) = -\chi(X)$

$$\text{Ex: } \mathcal{C} = \mathcal{D}(k) \quad \chi(C_*) = \sum_i (-1)^i \dim_k H_i(C_*)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{SH} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{Q}) \\ \text{End}_{\mathbb{Q}}(\mathbb{S}) \hookrightarrow \text{End}_{\mathbb{Q} \otimes \mathbb{Q}}(\mathbb{Q}) \end{array}$$

$$\bullet \mathcal{C} = \text{SH}, X\text{-finite CW-complex} \Rightarrow \chi(\Sigma^\infty X_+) = \sum_i (-1)^i \dim_{\mathbb{Q}} H_i(X, \mathbb{Q}) = \chi^{\text{top}}(X)$$

(2)



Motivic homotopy theory presheaves (i.e. contravariant functors)

Def.  $\text{PreSh}(\text{Sm}_k, \text{Spc}) \rightarrow \text{PreSh}(\text{Sm}_k, \text{Spt})$  spectra (topology)

$\text{Sm}_k \xrightarrow{\text{representable}} \text{pointed spaces}$  identify spectra up to hom. w.e.  
 $\text{discrete presheaf}$

$\text{SH}^{SL}(k) := \text{PreSh}(\text{Sm}_k, \text{Spt}) [\text{homotopy w.e.}, N^{-1}, A' \cong \text{Spec } k]$   
 - triangulated sym. monoidal  
 impose Nisnevich descent  
 $A' \cong \text{Spec } k$   
 $A'$ -invariance

$$\text{SH}(k) = \text{SH}^{SL}(k)[(\otimes P^1)^{-1}]$$

Rk: Chow groups, motivic coh., Quillen K-thy,  $H_{\text{et}}(-, \mu_n^{\otimes \infty})$ , Hermitian K-thy  
 alge cobordism, ... are representable in  $\text{SH}(k)$

- $\text{SH}(k)$ -triangulated gym. monoidal,  $\text{End}_{\text{SH}(k)}(1) \cong GW(k)$  (Morel '12)  
 $\uparrow \Sigma^{\infty}_+$   
 $\text{Sm}_k$  needs char  $k=0$   
 $x \in \text{Sm}_k \Rightarrow \Sigma^{\infty} x_+$  is strongly dual. (Riou '05)

$$x^{A'}(x) := x^{\text{SH}(k)}(\Sigma^{\infty} x_+) \in GW(k)$$

$\hookleftarrow A'$ -Euler characteristic

$\text{Ex: } k = \mathbb{C} \quad GW(\mathbb{C}) \cong \mathbb{Z}$ $x^{A'}(x) = x^{\text{top}}(x(\mathbb{C}))$	$\text{SH}(\mathbb{C}) \xrightarrow{\text{Betti } \mathbb{C}}$ $\mathbb{Z} \cong \text{End}(1) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{End}(1) \cong \mathbb{Z}$
---	--

$\bullet k = \mathbb{R} \quad GW(\mathbb{R}) \xrightarrow{(rk, \text{sign})} \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$ $\text{rk } x^{A'}(x) = x^{\text{top}}(x(\mathbb{R}))$ $\text{sign } x^{A'}(x) = x^{\text{top}}(x(\mathbb{R}))$	$\text{SH}(\mathbb{R}) \xrightarrow[\text{GW}(\mathbb{R})]{} \mathbb{Z}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{Betti } \mathbb{R}} \mathbb{Z}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{sign}} \mathbb{Z}$
--	---

③



## • $k$ -arbitrary

1)  $X$ -projective,  $\dim X = d$

$$H^i(X, \mathcal{L}^j) \times H^{d-i}(X, \mathcal{L}^{d-j}) \rightarrow H^d(X, \mathcal{L}^d) \cong k$$

$(\text{Hdg}, \text{Tr})$

$\rightsquigarrow$  sym. bil. form  $\varphi$  on  $\bigoplus H^i(X, \mathcal{L}^j)$

$$\text{Levine-Raksit'18: } \chi^{A'}(X) = \left\langle \bigoplus_{i \text{ even}} H^i(X, \mathcal{L}^j), \varphi \right\rangle - \left\langle \bigoplus_{i \text{ odd}} H^i(X, \mathcal{L}^j), \varphi \right\rangle$$

projective

2)  $X$ -hypersurface  $\{f=0\} \rightsquigarrow$  one may interpret  $(\text{Hdg}, \text{Tr})$  in terms of Levine-Lehalleur-Srinivas'21  $\text{Sac}(X) = k[x_0, \dots, x_n] / \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} \right)$

E.g. for  $f = a_0 x_0^{2m} + \dots + a_{2n+1} x_{2n+1}^{2m}$   $\chi^{A'}(X) = ? \cdot (1) + (-1) + (2m) + (-2m) \cdot (7a_i)$

3)  $X$ -proj  $\rightsquigarrow$  in terms of  $H\text{H}_{\text{alg}}(X)$

~~ABWZ~~ ABOWZ '20

Question? How to compute  $\chi(X)$  for  $X = \text{Spec } R$ ?

Rk:  $K_0(\text{Var}) = \left( \bigoplus_{X \in \text{Sm}_k} \mathbb{Z}[X] \right) / [X] = [\mathbb{Z}] + [X - \mathbb{Z}]$  for  $Z \hookrightarrow X$  closed

$$\chi_c^{A'}(X) := (-1)^{\dim X} \cdot \chi^{A'}(X).$$

$$K_0(\text{Var}) \xrightarrow{\exists!} G_W(k)$$

$\xleftarrow{\text{Sm}_k} \quad \xrightarrow{\chi_c^{A'}}$

Thm (Levine)  $X \in \text{Sm}_k$ ,  $f: Y \rightarrow X$  - Nisnevich locally trivial fibration with fiber  $V$   
 Suppose that  $\chi^{A'}(V)$  is invertible (in  $G_W(k)$ )

$\Rightarrow$  for every coh. th.  $E^*$  repr. in  $\text{Sh}(k)$

$f^*: E^*(X) \rightarrow E^*(Y)$  is split injective

Corollary:  $X \in \text{Sm}_k$ ,  $G \in \text{Sm}_k$ -alg. group,  $N \leq G$ ,  $G/X$ -Nis. loc. trivial  $G$ -torsor  
 Suppose that  $\chi^{A'}(G/N)$  is invertible

$\Rightarrow \exists f: Y \rightarrow X$  such that 1)  $f^*: E^*(X) \rightarrow E^*(Y)$  is split inj.

$\xrightarrow{G/N}$  2)  $f^*G$  is induced from an  $N$ -torsor

(4)



Ex:  $G = \mathrm{GL}_n$ ,  $N = N_G(\mathbb{T})$  - monomial matrices

$\mathrm{GL}_n$ -torsor  $\leftrightarrow$  rank  $n$  vector bundle /  $X$

$N$ -torsor  $\leftrightarrow$  ~~isomorphic~~ direct sum of line bundles on  $S_n$ -Galois group  
"direct sum of line bundles up to permutation"

Thm (A' 20)  $G$ -reductive group /  $k$ ,  $T$ -maximal torus,  $N = N_G(T)$ .  
 $\Rightarrow \chi^{top}(G/N)$  is invertible

Sketch of the plan of the proof:

$$H^*(G/N, \mathbb{Q}_\ell) \cong \mathbb{Q}_\ell$$

1)  $\chi^{top}(G/N(k))$  is invertible  $\Leftrightarrow \mathrm{rk} \varphi = \pm 1$

$\begin{matrix} \text{sign } \varphi = \pm 1 & \text{for all signatures} \\ \text{orderings of } k \end{matrix}$

2) For sign reduce to  $k = \mathbb{R}$  (semisimple groups over real closed fields)

3) Compute  $\chi^{top}((G/N)(\mathbb{R}))$ :

$$G(\mathbb{R}) \curvearrowright (G/N)(\mathbb{R}) = \left\{ \tilde{T} \leq G \mid \tilde{T} \text{-maximal torus} \right\} \xrightarrow{\text{conj}} G(\mathbb{R})$$

$T_1, \dots, T_n \leq G$  - pairwise non-conj. max. tori  $N_i := N_G(T_i)$

$$\Rightarrow (G/N)(\mathbb{R}) = \bigsqcup_i G(\mathbb{R}) / N_i(\mathbb{R})$$

$\mathrm{crk} T_i :=$  dimension of maximal compact torus in  $T_i(\mathbb{R})$

$\mathrm{crk} G := \max \mathrm{crk} T_i$

- $\exists i$  s.t.  $\mathrm{crk} T_i = \mathrm{crk} G$ ; in this case  $\chi^{top}(G(\mathbb{R}) / N_i(\mathbb{R})) = 1$
- if  $\mathrm{crk} T_i < \mathrm{crk} G$  then  $\chi^{top}(G(\mathbb{R}) / N_i(\mathbb{R})) = 0$

